

## Introduction

# Welcome, facilitator!

To plan and run a [People + AI Guidebook](#) workshop you will need:

- These slides
- The [Facilitator Guide](#)

The workshop is made to run remotely. It can be entirely conducted from these slides.

Throughout, you'll see **green facilitator notes**.

They provide information for you to plan and set up the workshop. Think of these as stickers you can delete when you're done with them.



### Facilitator note

This is a facilitator note about facilitator notes.

You can delete this whole slide when you're done with it.

[Delete this note](#)

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### Facilitator note

This table of contents is to help facilitators plan with planning.

You can delete this whole slide when you're done with it.

[Delete this note](#)

# Your workshop name

A People + AI Guidebook workshop

## Facilitator note

This is your title slide. Fill in the name of your workshop.

[Delete this note](#)



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## Our challenge

Challenge statement goes here

### Facilitator note

This is where you paste your workshop challenge statement. See the [facilitator guide](#) for more on how to craft the statement.

[Delete this note](#)

## Meet the team

Firstname Lastname Role

Firstname Lastname Role

Firstname Lastname Role

Firstname Lastname Role

Firstname Lastname Role

Firstname Lastname Role

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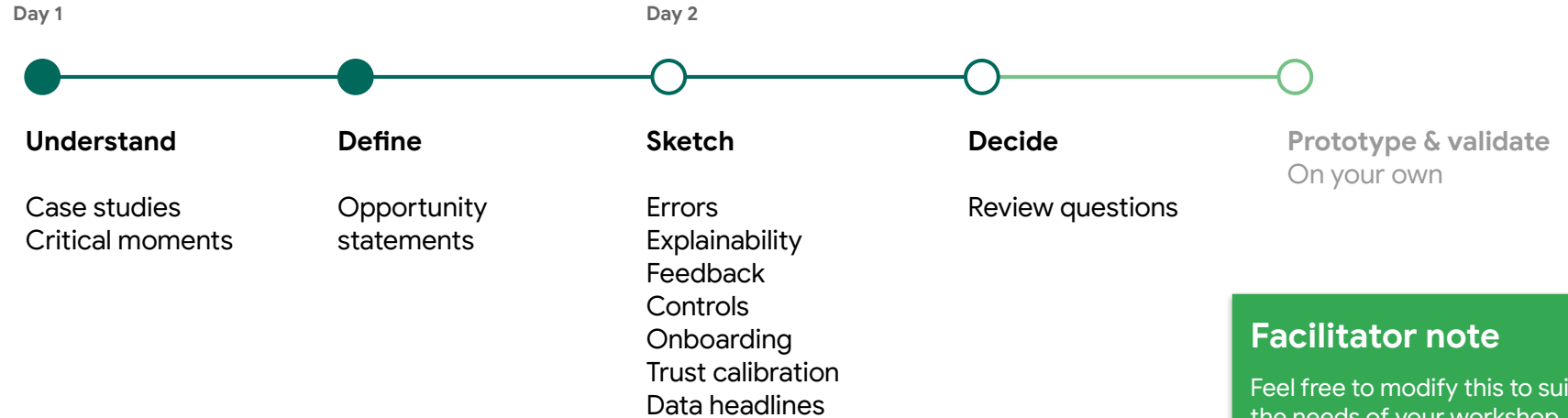
Firstname Lastname

### Facilitator note

Fill this out with your workshop participants' names and roles.

[Delete this note](#)

## Agenda overview



### Facilitator note

Feel free to modify this to suit the needs of your workshop.

[Delete this note](#)

## Day 1 agenda

9:00 Arrival & introduction

9:30 Explainability case studies

10:30 **Break**

10:45 Critical moment introduction

11:05 Map guiding questions

11:25 Write opportunity statements

12:00 **Break**

12:15 Share with large group

12:45 Overflow time

1:00 **End of day 1**

### Facilitator note

This is the default Day 1 agenda for a 2-day workshop. Modify to suit your workshop's needs. More info on agendas in the [facilitator guide](#).

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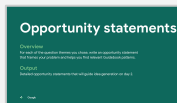
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## Introduction

# How to use these slides

Follow along with the instructions to complete the activities.

Note the following patterns of how the slides are laid out.



### Sections

Green slides. Denote a module of the workshop.



### Activities

White slides with green timing dots. A timed activity.



### Setup

Gray slides (like this one). Resources and context for each activity.



### Timing dots

Each activity will have the timing listed in a dot on the top right.



# Case studies

## Goal

Warm up to thinking about applying these lessons to your product.

## Instructions

Read the scenarios linked from the slides below.

Answer the questions as a group and take notes on the slides.



## Case studies

# Get started with these AI scenarios

The following case studies and discussion questions are meant to help you step out of your specific product context and first think about the implications of AI-based systems more broadly.

## Things to know

### **These are not “best case” scenarios**

These cases are explicitly not written to present a best practice scenario. They’re designed for you to consider the design of AI explainability outside of your team’s day-to-day product context.

### **The Model-U**

The cases follow the development of a hypothetical car with integrated AI systems called the Model-U by Intelligent Engines.

You’ll be introduced to the car’s various features and a number of customers and other stakeholders.

### **Self-driving features**

The cases portray various situations with the Model-U including its reliable self-driving features, but lack of regulatory approval for the car to self-drive anywhere but on approved highways.

## Scenario 1



# Read the scenario

[Link to scenario](#)

### Facilitator note

The default workshop agenda plans for 2 scenarios. Guidance for choosing the most relevant ones in the [facilitator guide](#).

[Delete this note](#)

## Scenario 1.1

**List a few pieces of information in this explanation.**

Your answer here



### Facilitator note

This is the first interactive slide. Participants in your workshop will literally write their answers to the question here.

[Delete this note](#)

## Scenario 1.1

**What information on your list is meaningful, appropriate, and timely for a driver who has just entered the car for the first time?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 1.1

**What information on your list is useful every time the driver gets into the car?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 1.1

**Do you think this is a good explanation? Why or why not?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 1.2

**Are these good explanations of the identification failures?  
If not, why not?**

Your answer here





## Scenario 1.2

**Discuss some approaches for more helpful explanations.**

Your answer here



## Scenario 1.2

**In situations where the Model-U does not successfully identify a registered driver, what mechanism should be provided so they can start their car and how should it be communicated to them?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 1

Apply back to your product:

**How does your evaluation of good explanations here make you think about what aspects of your product need to be explained the first time vs every time?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 2



# Read the scenario

[Link to scenario](#)

## Scenario 2

**Is the explanation a good fit for the driver's situation? Why or why not?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 2

**What information does Olivia need at the moment she considers the self-driving option, and why?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 2

**Which information could be provided to Olivia at a different time instead, and how could it be presented to her?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 2

**How should Intelligent Engines respond to Olivia, and what actions should it take based on her complaint?**

Your answer here





## Scenario 2



Apply back to your product:

**Can you identify some explanations (or other information) that your product is providing at an inappropriate moment in time?**

**How could this be improved?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 3



# Read the scenario

[Link to scenario](#)

### Scenario 3

**If Richard answers “Yes”,  
how should the music  
review feature work since  
he is driving?**

Your answer here



### Scenario 3

**How should the music review feature work when the user is not driving?**

Your answer here



### Scenario 3

**Does Richard understand enough about how the entertainment recommender system chooses songs? If not, what does he need to learn in order to meaningfully influence it?**

Your answer here



### Scenario 3

Apply back to your product:

**How does Richard's experience with training the entertainment system apply to how (+ if and when) you might explain to users what your product is doing and whether the user has any control over it?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 4



# Read the scenario

[Link to scenario](#)

## Scenario 4.1

**How should a minor accident be explained to both drivers and their insurance companies?**

Your answer here





## Scenario 4.1

**At this point in time, what responsibility does the company have to investigate and act on the concerns raised on social media?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 4.1

**What information should Intelligent Engines share publicly about how they are handling the situation?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 4.2

Many AI systems can be vulnerable to adversarial attacks, even if their foreseeable likelihood is small enough to pass regulatory scrutiny.

**How can a remote chance of being subjected to a malicious and adversarial attack by third parties be explained to the owners or prospective buyers of the Model-U?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 4.2

**What should the team explore in their audit?  
What information from the audit should they explain in an external facing audit report?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 4

Apply back to your product:

**How might someone use your system in an unintended or adversarial way? How might you prevent this?**

**What obligation do you have to your users when this happens?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 5



# Read the scenario

[Link to scenario](#)

## Scenario 5.1

Choose one character per participant,  
and discuss:

**Which data or information  
you may need to support  
your positions or concerns?**

**Which data or information is  
likely to be most meaningful  
in making a decision about  
which roads the Model-U  
can drive on?**

Your answer here

## Scenario 5.2

**From the point of view of Intelligent Engines, which information requested by community members in the previous question can Intelligent Engines provide?**

**Are there any limitations that make it difficult or undesirable for a corporation to provide this information?**

Your answer here



### Scenario 5.3

**What would the community (and especially your character) need to know on an ongoing basis to evaluate the effectiveness of the policy about which roads the Model-U can drive on?**

Your answer here



## Scenario 5

Apply back to your product:

**Can you think of some equivalent unforeseen problem with your product analogous to traffic in rural towns?**

**If your product is extremely successful, what problems might it cause?**

Your answer here

# Break

15 minutes / Back at 10:45



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# Critical moments

## Goal

Uncover potential user problems during key touchpoints in your user's journey within the scope of your challenge statement.

## Instructions

Discuss the key moments in your product where ML-based problems may occur. (These key moments were chosen by your facilitator.)

Document user problems on your sticky notes as you discuss.

### Facilitator note

You will need to choose up to 5 critical product moments to focus on. More info on the next slide and in the [facilitator guide](#) companion doc.

Delete this note

# Critical moments

These are critical places or moments in your product where trust can be gained or lost. They are typically places where the user interacts with your ML algorithm — recommendations delivered, explanations, confidence scores, errors, etc.

5 critical moments have been chosen by your facilitator to focus in on for your workshop. They should fall within the scope of your challenge statement.

Explaining the thing during onboarding

Quick description

Critical moment

Quick description

Critical moment

Quick description

Critical moment

Quick description

Critical moment

Quick description

**Facilitator note**

Fill out this slide in advance of the workshop. Present these moments to your team using this and the following slide.

[Delete this note](#)

## Critical moments

# Name of critical moment 1

Critical moment 1 description

Insert a screenshot of the critical moment here.

### Facilitator note

Fill out this slide with information about your critical product moment.

Duplicate for each one.

[Delete this note](#)



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# Opportunity statements

## Goal

Turn your critical moments into opportunities for solving user problems.

## Instructions

1. For each critical moment, write a problem statement in the voice of the user.
2. Identify relevant patterns in the People + AI Guidebook to solve user problems.

### Facilitator note

From this point, divide the team into groups for each of your critical moments. One person or sub-group per moment.

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## Opportunity statements

# Step 1: Write in the voice of the user

**For each critical moment,** document a problem framed in the voice of the user. This should encapsulate the user's thoughts and feelings in this moment relative to your AI system.

Write the statement on the slide below.

### Example critical moments and user problems

#### Onboarding new users into our product

I am not sure what this product can help me with and I'm afraid to keep pressing buttons to find out.

#### Opting in to personalization flow

I don't want to feel like I'm being manipulated, but I don't want to be distracted by a bunch of irrelevant explanations either.

#### Correcting errors in our automated system

I'm worried about spending too much time correcting the AI that I might have well have done this manually.



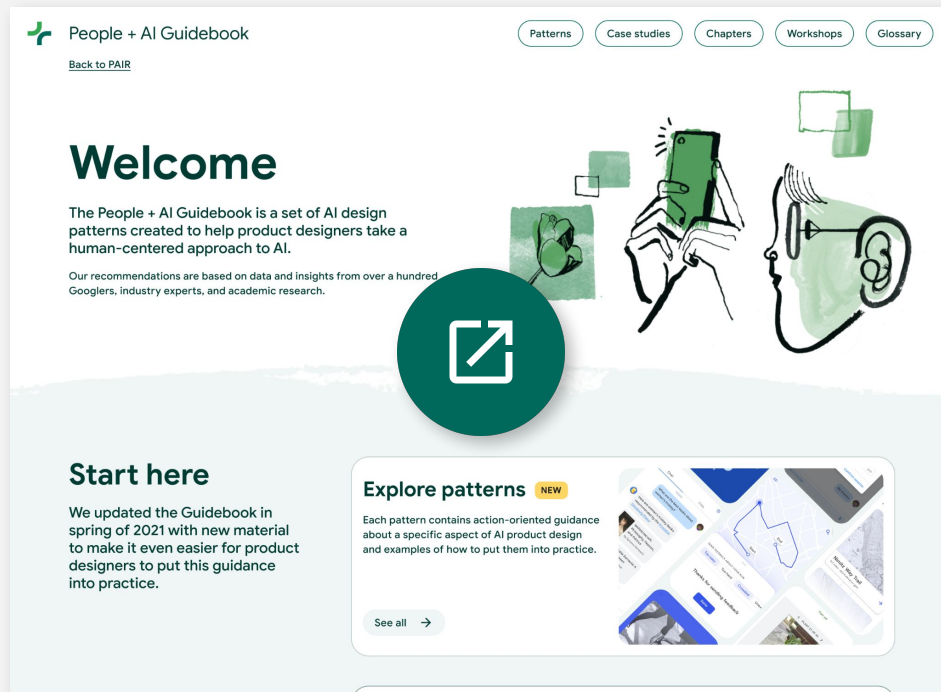
## Opportunity statements

# Step 2: Find relevant patterns

Divide into groups for as many critical moments as you have.

Look at the patterns in the People + AI Guidebook and identify any that are relevant to your question + critical moment.

Paste the relevant patterns in your opportunity statement on the slide below.



## Opportunity statements

Paste your critical moment 1 label here

Write a statement that frames your problem relative to the critical moment. Write the statement in the voice of the user.

E.g. “I assume this app is all I need to venture into the woods and know what is safe to eat.”

Relevant Guidebook patterns	Ideas for applying the pattern
E.g. <a href="#">Set the right expectations</a>	E.g. Explain during onboarding that our system wasn't trained to find toxic plants outside the US.
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution

**Facilitator note**

There's one of these slides for each critical moment. Add or delete as needed.

[Delete this note](#)

## Opportunity statements

Paste your critical moment 2 label here

Write a statement that frames your problem relative to the critical moment. Write the statement in the voice of the user.

E.g. “I assume this app is all I need to venture into the woods and know what is safe to eat.”

Relevant Guidebook patterns	Ideas for applying the pattern
E.g. <a href="#">Set the right expectations</a>	E.g. Explain during onboarding that our system wasn't trained to find toxic plants outside the US.
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution

## Opportunity statements

Paste your critical moment 3 label here

Write a statement that frames your problem relative to the critical moment. Write the statement in the voice of the user.

E.g. “I assume this app is all I need to venture into the woods and know what is safe to eat.”

Relevant Guidebook patterns	Ideas for applying the pattern
E.g. <a href="#">Set the right expectations</a>	E.g. Explain during onboarding that our system wasn't trained to find toxic plants outside the US.
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution

## Opportunity statements

Paste your critical moment 4 label here

Write a statement that frames your problem relative to the critical moment. Write the statement in the voice of the user.

E.g. “I assume this app is all I need to venture into the woods and know what is safe to eat.”

Relevant Guidebook patterns	Ideas for applying the pattern
E.g. <a href="#">Set the right expectations</a>	E.g. Explain during onboarding that our system wasn't trained to find toxic plants outside the US.
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution

## Opportunity statements

Paste your critical moment 5 label here

Write a statement that frames your problem relative to the critical moment. Write the statement in the voice of the user.

E.g. “I assume this app is all I need to venture into the woods and know what is safe to eat.”

Relevant Guidebook patterns	Ideas for applying the pattern
E.g. <a href="#">Set the right expectations</a>	E.g. Explain during onboarding that our system wasn't trained to find toxic plants outside the US.
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution
Pattern	Solution

# Break

15 minutes / Back at 12:15



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[People + AI Guidebook](#) 

# Share and wrap up

## Goal

Review and choose which opportunity statements you'll focus on in day 2.

## Instructions

Share the opportunity statements you created with the large group.

Discuss and choose which one(s) to focus on in day 2.

### Facilitator note

Pick one opportunity statement to focus on or one per small group. Vote or discuss to determine which one(s).

This means leaving some of your opportunity statements and critical moments behind. Prioritize based on your product and the makeup of your workshop group.

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# End of day 1

Back at 9:00am tomorrow



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[People + AI Guidebook](#) 

# Welcome to day 2!



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[People + AI Guidebook](#) 

Our challenge

# Challenge statement goes here

## Facilitator note

This is a reminder of the challenge statement at the beginning of day 2. Just copy/paste from slide 4.

[Delete this note](#)

## Opportunity statements

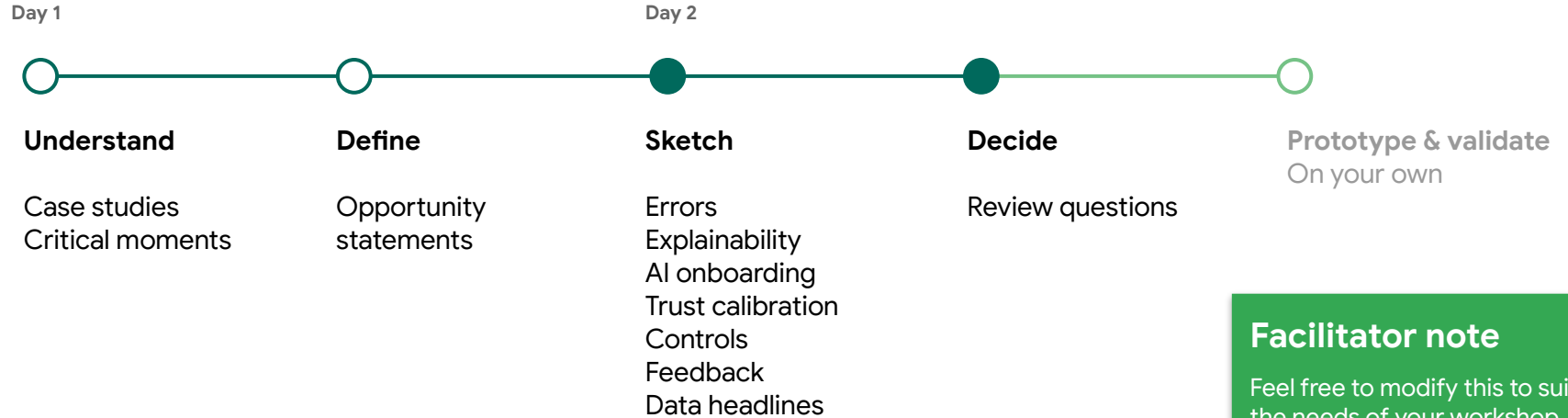
Paste opportunity  
statement(s) here

### Facilitator note

Paste the slides for your  
chosen opportunity  
statements here as a refresher  
from Day 1.

[Delete this note](#)

## Agenda overview



### Facilitator note

Feel free to modify this to suit the needs of your workshop.

[Delete this note](#)

## Day 1 agenda

### Morning

**9:00** Arrival & review opportunity statements

**9:15** Errors audit

**10:00** **Break**

**10:10** Explainability audit

**10:50** AI Onboarding

**11:30** Break/Stretch

**11:35** Trust calibration

**12:00** **Lunch break**

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### Afternoon

**1:00** Controls audit

**1:30** Feedback audit

**2:00** **Break**

**2:10** Dataset checklist

**2:30** Review questions

**3:00** Share with group and next steps

**3:30** **End of workshop**

### Facilitator note

Feel free to modify this to suit the needs of your workshop.

[Delete this note](#)

Peo

# Errors audit

## Goal

Develop plans for preventing and mitigating user harm caused by errors in your system.

## Instructions

Follow the worksheet to document errors and user harms.  
Write mitigation and prevention plans for each error.

### Facilitator note

Note that this and all remaining activities assume the whole group is focusing on one opportunity statement. Duplicate the activities as needed for any sub-groups.

[Delete this note](#)

Errors audit

# What could go wrong?

Follow the prompts on the slides below to identify harms that could be caused by use of your system: whether by explicit error, wrong predictions, or unintended or malicious usage.

How do I support users when something goes wrong?



Pattern considerations

Be accountable for your errors

Understand the types of errors users might encounter and have a plan for resolving.

Give control back to users when automation fails

Give your users a way to move forward even when the system fails or offers poor quality output.

Let users supervise automation

Understand the types of errors users might encounter and have a plan for resolving.



Describe errors at the right level



Too vague

**System's answer doesn't fit the context.**



Just right

**Misunderstands speech due to accent and environmental noise.**



Too specific

**Doesn't know when garbage day is for one block in my neighborhood**

## Errors audit

What error(s) can occur during this critical moment?

What user groups are impacted by the error?

What is the harm caused?

Example: System misunderstands speech due to accent and environmental noise.

All/Novice/Expert/Underserved/Etc

Time/Hassle/Financial/Safety/Etc

Error

All/Novice/Expert/Underserved/Etc

Consequence(s)

Error

All/Novice/Expert/Underserved/Etc

Consequence(s)

Error

All/Novice/Expert/Underserved/Etc

Consequence(s)

### Facilitator note

Consider giving each participant one row to work in and then share back to the rest of the group.

[Delete this note](#)

## Errors audit

**What error(s) can occur during this moment?**

Copy/paste these from previous slide

**How do we prevent this error from happening?**

**What do we do when (not if) it does occur?**

Error

Prevention plan

Recovery plan

Error

Prevention plan

Recovery plan

Error

Prevention plan

Recovery plan

Error

Prevention plan

Recovery plan

## Errors audit

# Put it all together

On the following slide(s), write a holistic plan for addressing each of the errors you listed out above. Consolidate and synthesize as needed.

Duplicate the slide for as many errors as you want to document.

## Examples

### **Broken automation**

Automation that fails costs users time, hassle, and unplanned working time. In high confidence scenarios that fail anyway, we'll provide users with system credit for lost time.

### **Bad recommendations**

In business settings, adopting a bad recommendation causes lost reputation and trust by colleagues and/or clients. We'll make sure all recommendations are reversible to correct any issues they might cause.

### **Misidentification**

Classifying users can fail by singling out some individuals or letting others fall through the cracks. We'll have accountable humans there to address case by case issues when the system fails.

In {critical product moment}, {specific error} can impact {impacted user group}.

To prevent this error, we will {error prevention strategy}. When the error does occur, we will help our users by {error recovery strategy}.

# Break

10 minutes / Back at 10:10



Google

[People + AI Guidebook](#) 

# Explainability audit

## Goal

Find gaps in your current explanations and write new ones that better support your users.

## Instructions

For each opportunity statement, answer questions to analyze that moment. Write new explanations to help your users.



# Audit overview

In this activity, you will follow the prompts through a set of questions that evaluate your current system explanations and write new ones.

How do I explain my AI system to users?



## Overview

### 1. User mindset

Who are your users and what state of mind are they in when they see explanations in this critical moment?

### 2. Explanation evaluation

What are the pieces of info being provided in your current explanations and are they adequate?

### 3. User actions

How actionable are your explanations for the user? Are there steps they can take afterward?

### 4. Explanation strategy

Use the answers to the above questions to write new explanations for your product.



## Explainability audit: User mindset

### What types of users see this critical moment?

Your answer here. (E.g. All / Novice / Expert / Low-usage / Underserved / Etc.)

### User's state of mind in this moment?



### What is the user's goal in this moment?

Your answer here

## Where is the user just before this moment?

Screenshot of previous moment

### Does the user know what to do next?

Your answer here

### Facilitator note

Consider dividing up and having each person fill out this activity for each opportunity statement you are focusing on.

Delete this note

## Explainability audit: Explanation evaluation

**What key info does any existing explanation provide?**

Your answer here

**What other information could be provided?**

Your answer here

**Should additional info be added here, or elsewhere in the system?**

Your answer here

## Explainability audit: User actions

**What actions are available to the user? Are they clear?**

Your answer here

**If a user believes your system's prediction is wrong, what can they do?**

Your answer here

**If a user is unhappy with this decision, what are they likely to do first?**

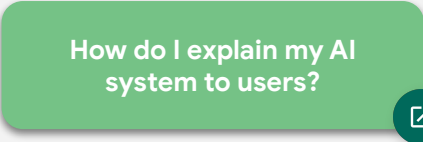
Your answer here

Explainability audit

# Write new explanations

After scrutinizing the existing explanation, on the following slide write out new information you want to provide. Duplicate the slide as needed.

How do I explain my AI system to users?



Pattern considerations

Optimize for understanding, not completeness

“This is most likely a **sword plant**, because of **its dark green color and pointy shape.**”

Determine how to show model confidence

“**87%** confidence this is **Sword plant**”

“This is most likely a **wand plant, whisk plant, or bottle plant.**”

Go beyond in-the-moment explanations

“Our system is trained by humans looking at thousands of pictures of common houseplants and labeling them by their type, color, and shape. The system uses this data to make statistical inferences (good guesses) to identify the plants you see.”

## Explanation strategy

### **In the moment explanations**

Your answer here

### **Explanations elsewhere in the product**

Your answer here

### **Explanations outside the product**

Your answer here

### **In the moment explanations**

Your answer here

### **Explanations elsewhere in the product**

Your answer here

### **Explanations outside the product**

Your answer here

# AI Onboarding

## Goal

Consider your system relative to a human performing the same tasks. Then work through how you'll present information on those terms back to your users.

## Instructions

Work through the set of questions regarding the strengths, weaknesses, and “weirdness” of your AI. You'll frame the answers to your questions in terms of human mental models.



AI Onboarding

# Introducing new AI features

Introducing users to fundamentally new features can be tricky.

These patterns from the Guidebook can help you explore this topic.

How do I onboard users to new AI features?



Pattern considerations

[Explain the benefit, not the technology](#)

Help users understand your product’s capabilities rather than what’s under the hood.

[Anchor on familiarity](#)

As you onboard users to a new AI-driven product or feature, guide them with familiar touchpoints.

[Make it safe to explore](#)

Let users test drive the system with easily reversible actions.

[Automate in phases](#)

Progressively increase automation under user guidance.

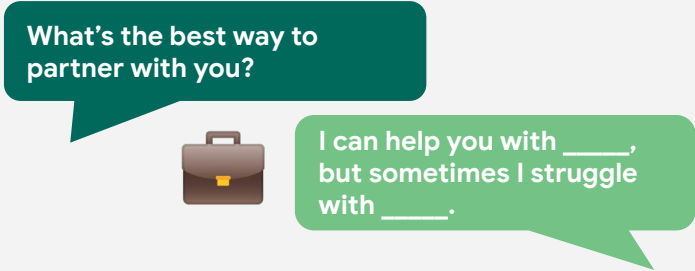
## AI Onboarding

# Onboarding humans in human terms

This exercise helps you frame the features in terms of human mental models.

### What is onboarding?

Onboarding is the process of teaching users **how to partner with** an AI, rather than simply presenting AI information.



In this activity, you'll create your product onboarding in these 4 areas:

- Expected benefits
- Strengths & weaknesses
- AI “weirdness”
- Tips for users



## AI Onboarding: Expected Benefits

### **In what way is the AI in your product intended to benefit the user?**

E.g. Accuracy, efficiency, consistency, up-level an ability, meaningfulness of work

It can help you because....(your answer here)

### **Which human weaknesses (if any) is it intended to address?**

Humans may be limited in their ability to...(your answer here)

## AI Onboarding: Expected Benefits

**When users are relying on another *human* for this task, what qualities do they care about when evaluating the human on a similar task?**

E.g. If looking for book recommendations, what would a user expect another person to consider when recommending books?

Your answer here

## AI Onboarding: Strengths & Weaknesses

**Where does your model perform well relative to the human criteria you just described?**

The model performs well at...(your answer here)

**Where does it struggle?**

The model might struggle a bit on...(your answer here)

## AI Onboarding: Strengths & Weaknesses

**What special cases (e.g. edge cases) would someone expect a human to be able to handle for this task?**

E.g. When people give each other driving directions, they know to avoid roads under construction, steep hills, and bizarre traffic patterns.

Your answer here

## AI Onboarding: Strengths & Weaknesses

**Where does your model perform well in the special cases you described?**

The model is really good at...(your answer here)

**Where does it struggle?**

The model might struggle a bit on...(your answer here)

## AI Onboarding: Strengths & Weaknesses

### What cases are “out of scope” for the model that a user might expect to from a human?

The model was not trained on particular kinds of data so there are no expectations of performance in those cases.

*E.g., the book recommender never “read” books from before 1900, so don’t expect classics in your recommendation set.*

You might expect other humans to be able to handle....but the model...

## AI Onboarding: AI “Weirdness”

**In what ways does the model behave “weirdly” or differently from human ways of thinking? (aka, how is the “AI” brain different from the human brain?)**

*E.g. The story-writing model sometimes changes the main character’s name partway through the story. This is because the model learned from paragraph-long snippets, so it hasn’t “seen” plot lines with longer-term dependencies.*

You might think that the model...but it may appear to act strangely by... This is because...(your answer here)

## AI Onboarding

# Synthesize critical info

From the content you generated above, summarize the most important points.

Think of these as onboarding screens you may insert at the beginning of the product journey or in specific critical moments.

Example of AI Onboarding in healthcare imaging 



## Examples

### Plant Pal

This is **Plant Pal**, and it can help you by **identifying the safety of 400+ plants in the USA**. It is unable to **identify plants outside the US or make assertions about their safety**.

It's really great at **understanding safety for adults, dogs, and cats**, but it may struggle on **safety for kids**. It may sometimes appear to act strangely because **it doesn't identify the plants the same way humans do**.

### Run

This is **Run**, and it can help you by **suggesting running routes in your area**. It is unable to **make recommendations based on uncommon health conditions**.

It's really great at **choosing appropriate elevation gains**, but it may struggle on **knowing the safety level of sidewalks**. It may sometimes appear to act strangely because **its routes are based on mapping data so they might not look like obvious loops or out-and-backs**.



## Most critical onboarding information

### Expected benefits

This is {product/feature}, and it can help you by {main benefit}.

### Strengths & limitations

It's really great at {special cases the model can handle}, but it may struggle on {special cases the model doesn't handle yet}.

It is unable to {out-of-scope areas}.

### AI “Weirdness”

It may sometimes appear to act strangely by {“weirdness”}. This is because {explanation}.

### Tips for users

Given these strengths and limitations, a good way of partnering with the model would be to rely on it more for {model's strength areas} but rely on your own best judgment for {users' strength areas}.

# Quick break & stretch

5 minutes / Back at 11:35



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# Trust calibration

## Goal

Help your users calibrate their trust in your system by not under- or over-promising on what you can deliver.

## Instructions

Plot issues that impact user trust in your system.

Develop a plan for addressing too much or too little trust in your system.



## Trust calibration

# Weighing trust factors

List factors that may cause users to have too much, not enough, or just the right amount of trust in the system.

Consider what previous knowledge the user is bringing to the table.

How do I help users build and calibrate trust in my product?



## Pattern considerations

### Set the right expectations

Be transparent with your users about what your AI-powered product can and cannot do.

### Be transparent about privacy and data settings

From initial onboarding through ongoing use, continue to communicate about settings and permissions.

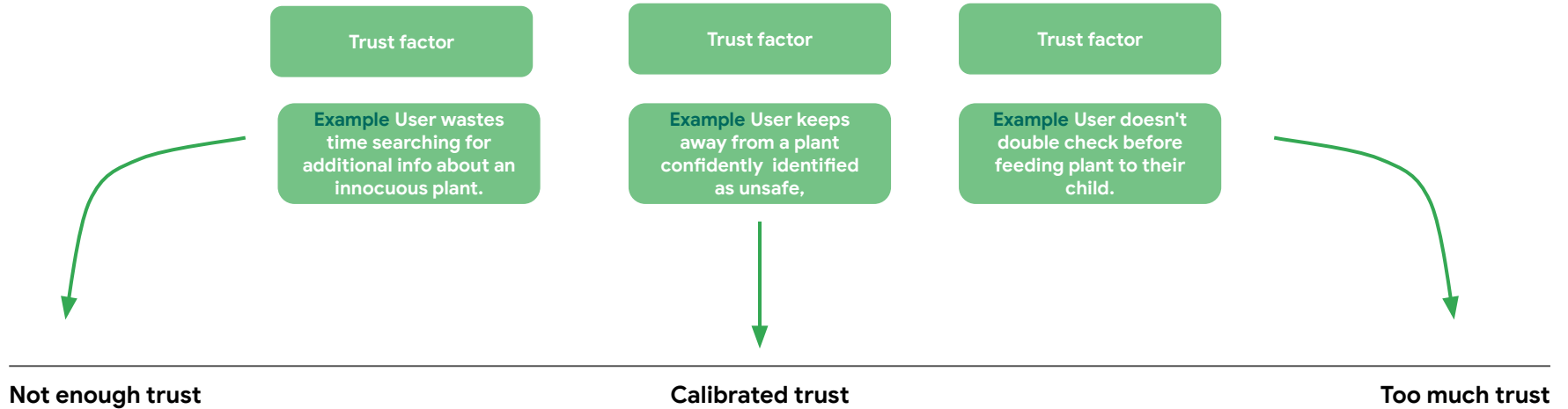
### Add context from human sources

Help users appraise your recommendations with input from third-party sources.

### Let users give feedback

Give users the opportunity for real-time teaching, feedback and error correction.

# Trust calibration



## Trust calibration

# Plan for helping users calibrate

Copy the most extreme examples of too much or too little trust from the slide above to the following slide.

Follow the prompts on the slide to write a strategy for properly calibrating user trust in those moments.

Duplicate the slide as needed.

### Example

#### **Under-trust factor**

User wastes time searching for additional info about an innocuous plant identified by Plant Pal.

#### **Calibration plan**

Offer a “why we know this” option. And/or social proof that lets communities verify safe plants.

#### **Over-trust factor**

A user doesn't double check Plant Pal's recommendation before feeding a wild plant to their child.

#### **Calibration plan**

For any low confidence result or if the “n-best” set of results includes potentially dangerous results, recommend the user get a 2nd opinion.

## Trust calibration

### Trust factors

(Copy/paste labels from previous slide)

**Example** User wastes time searching for additional info about an innocuous plant.

Did this situation result in too much or too little trust?

Too little

Too much / Too little

Too much / Too little

Too much / Too little

How will you help people properly calibrate their trust in this moment?

Offer a “why we know this” option. And/or social proof that lets communities verify safe plants.

User-facing intervention for calibrating trust

User-facing intervention for calibrating trust

User-facing intervention for calibrating trust

### Facilitator note

Copy/paste your trust labels from the previous slide here.

[Delete this note](#)

# Lunch break

60 minutes / Back at 1:00



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# Controls audit

## Goal

Develop new controls for users to maintain agency over your system.

## Instructions

Plot your product's critical moments according to risk.

Develop new controls for mitigating those risks.



## Controls audit

# Expectation of control

On the following slides, identify places where users need additional control based on the consequences of error if the system gets it wrong.

What's the right balance of user control and automation?



## Pattern considerations

### Automate more when risk is low

Consider user trust and the stakes of the situation when determining how much to automate.

### Let users supervise automation

Maintaining control over automation helps users build comfort and correct when things go wrong.

### Give control back to the user when automation fails

Give your users a way to move forward even when the system fails or offers poor quality output.

### Automate in phases

Progressively increase automation under user guidance.

### Let users give feedback

Give users the opportunity for real-time teaching, feedback and error correction.

## Controls audit

Predictions or decisions made by your system in this critical moment

**Example:**  
Recommendation for today's running route

Does the user have any control over the system in this moment?

Yes, can accept/reject.

Yes/No

Yes/No

Yes/No

How extreme is the consequence if something goes wrong in this moment?

Consider your responses in the Errors Audit to guide your answers here.

Medium — Route may be inappropriate for user's fitness level

Low/Medium/High

Low/Medium/High

Low/Medium/High

**Facilitator note**  
Copy/paste your prediction labels from the previous slide here.

[Delete this note](#)

## Controls audit

Predictions or decisions made by your system in this critical moment

**Example:**  
Recommendation for today's running route

Is the existing control adequate to address concern of user harm?

No. No ability to replace the recommendation or set preferences for new ones.

Yes/No. Why?

Yes/No. Why?

Yes/No. Why?

If not, what type of control might be better suited?

User can update preferences on the fly and get a new recommendation that's more appropriate.

Description of adequate control

Description of adequate control

Description of adequate control

**Facilitator note**

Copy/paste your prediction labels from the previous slide here.

[Delete this note](#)

# Feedback audit

## Goal

Develop a plan for implicit and explicit user feedback to guide your system.

## Instructions

List out all of your product's existing and potential feedback mechanisms.

Create a plan for adding needed feedback where it doesn't yet exist.



## Feedback audit

# Gather feedback opportunities

On the following slides, list out all existing and potential feedback mechanisms in your product.

What's the right balance of user control and automation?



## Considerations

Consult with engineers, designers, product counsel, and other stakeholders as needed to generate a truly comprehensive audit.

List out events and corresponding feedback opportunities that could provide data to improve the AI in your product. Cast a wide net and list as many as possible: App Store reviews, Twitter, email, call centers, push notifications, etc.

Duplicate the slides and add more rows as needed.

## Feedback audit

User-driven interaction with the system in this critical moment

**Example:**  
User completes a recommended recipe

Is there any user feedback gathered as part of this moment?

Yes, Explicit

Yes/No, Implicit/Explicit

Yes/No, Implicit/Explicit

Yes/No, Implicit/Explicit

If so, what is it? If not, what feedback could potentially be gathered?

User prompted to rate relevance of completed recipe

Existing or potential feedback

Existing or potential feedback

Existing or potential feedback

**Facilitator note**  
Copy/paste your interaction labels from the previous slide here.  
[Delete this note](#)

## Feedback audit

User-driven interaction with the system in this critical moment

Example:  
User completes a recommended recipe

What user groups are affected or benefit from this feedback?

Only those who mark recipes as completed, closer to power users

All/Some, which ones?

All/Some, which ones?

All/Some, which ones?

How will your model or system change as a result of it?

Recommendations become better and more personalized

System change

System change

System change

### Facilitator note

Copy/paste your interaction labels from the previous slide here.

[Delete this note](#)



## Prioritized feedback opportunities

Copy and paste all of the opportunities to add new feedback mechanisms that represent the greatest impact on improving your system.

Duplicate this as needed.

<b>What feedback can be gathered?</b>	<b>How will your model or system change as a result of it?</b>
Potential feedback	System change
Potential feedback	System change
Potential feedback	System change
Potential feedback	System change

# Break

10 minutes / Back at 2:10



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# Data headlines

## Goal

Develop a set of opportunities and concerns for your data collection, labeling, and maintenance practices.

## Instructions

Write data headlines to spot problematic issues before they happen.  
Use these headlines to identify any data concerns.  
Follow up with your engineering partners after the workshop.

## Data headlines

# Avoid data disasters

On the following slides, write potential data headlines based on your current or potential data collection, labeling, and maintenance practices.

How do I responsibly build my dataset?



## Guiding questions

How do you get access to the data? Do you have permission?

What anonymization and/or aggregation techniques does your product use?

What is the downstream, real-world effect of this model's performance?

What data is missing that would adversely impact certain user groups?

Who are the humans involved collecting and/or labeling your data?

How are you compensating them for this critical work?

What risks are present for using data not originally intended for your use case?

Does your data reflect the real world? e.g. for image based systems does it include off center/blurry images?

## Example Data Disaster Headlines

Data privacy

Users of **Run app** horrified to learn it uses **gender data** to recommend shorter routes for women.

Data exclusion

Uproar over **Run app's** lack of **rural street data** that excludes **users outside of major cities**.

Data ethics

Calls to boycott **Run app** over **pressuring route labelers to test routes at night despite safety concerns**.

Borrowed Data

**Run app** cancelled over faulty **trail data** used from **Parks Department** without including **wildlife encounter risks**.

Data fragility

**Run app** down as team struggles to fix **route recommendations impacted by recent flooding in New Orleans**.

## Data Disaster Headlines

Data privacy

Customers of **{product}** horrified to learn it uses **{sensitive data}**.

Data exclusion

Uproun over **{product}**'s lack of **{data type}** that excludes **{user group}**.

Data ethics

Calls to boycott **{product}** over unfair treatment of **{data labelers}**.

Borrowed Data

**{Product}** cancelled over faulty **{data}** used from **{inappropriate source}**.

Data fragility

**{Product}** down as team struggles to fix **{key data input sources}**.

## Example Flip the script: Data Disaster Headlines

Data privacy breach

**Run app** champions essential data **by not using demographic data for route recommendations.**

Data exclusion

Praise for **Run app's** inclusion of **all mapped street data** that benefits **users in rural areas.**

Data ethics

**Run app** prioritizes **route labeler safety** by **making nighttime route verification optional.**

Borrowed Data

**Run app** responsibly used **trail data** from **Parks Departments** by **including notification for wildlife sightings.**

Data fragility

**Run app** outperforms competitors thanks to **updating route data** in response to **local road closures.**

## Flip the script: Data Diligence Headlines

Data privacy breach

*{Product} champions essential data by limiting use of {sensitive data}.*

Data exclusion

*Praise for {product}'s inclusion of {data type} that benefits {user group}.*

Data ethics

*{Product} sets the bar for {humans doing data collection/labeling} by {action taken to compensate fairly}.*

Borrowed Data

*{Product} responsibly used {data} from {source} by {action taken}.*

Data fragility

*{Product} outperforms competitors thanks to including {data} that accounts for {real world consideration}.*



## Concerns & opportunities

Data privacy breach

E.g. Our current collection of demographic info isn't necessary and puts us at risk.

Data exclusion

Data ethics

Borrowed Data

Data fragility

# Review questions

## Goal

Take a step back to consider all the solutions you've developed through the lens of user trust.

## Overview

Answer questions to scrutinize your solution ideas.  
Document changes and next steps toward implementation.



## Review questions

# Go back and check in

Now that you've developed plans to address your opportunity statement(s), take some time to review your solutions and whether they hold up to the scrutiny of being truly trustworthy.

Answer the questions on the following slides to review.

## Considerations

Consider framing your responses from one or more of the following viewpoints:

### **Tech skeptic**

“Is this company being careful with my data?”

### **New internet user**

“How does this work? What does ‘signed in’ mean?”

### **Business leader**

“Why should we make any of these changes? Will they increase our company’s revenue?”

## Review questions

# Gather solutions

First, consider the solutions you developed across all of your activities.

Which ones seem most impactful that you'll want to develop further?

Use the solutions you choose here to guide your answers to the following questions.

Your answer here

## Review questions

# Ability

Why is your company, specifically, making this thing? How is it obviously better than what already exists?

How does it show a deep consideration of what people need and want in their lives?

Your answer here

## Review questions

# Reliability

Can you meet the quality bar you set for yourself in every use case all of the time?

If not, what do you need to do to set expectations for users in those cases?

Your answer here



## Review questions

# Benevolence

What's in it for your company for this product to exist?

Are you comfortable stating that purpose clearly and directly to your users? If not, why?

Your answer here



## Review questions

# Product reviews

What do you want to be true about how your product is trusted? Write a version of both a good and bad review you could imagine showing up in the tech press after these features are launched.

Good review

Your answer here

Bad review

Your answer here





# Share and wrap up

## Goal

Reflect on the workshop and discuss what you want to do next.

## Instructions

Before you close, take some time to reflect on what you learned in the workshop overall and document any additional next steps and actions.

Share and wrap up

# Top questions + next steps

Reflect on the review questions above and the workshop overall. What did you learn? What do you still have questions about. What should you do next.

Jot down your top questions and next steps for further changes and investigation.

Your answer here

# End of workshop



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# Appendix: Optional materials



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## Solution board

**Top error mitigation and prevention plans:**

Your answer here

**Top controls solutions:**

Your answer here

**Top explainability solutions:**

Your answer here

**Top feedback solutions:**

Your answer here

**Top onboarding ideas:**

Your answer here

**Top data opportunities and concerns:**

Your answer here

Sketch your ideas on paper.

Snap a picture with your  
phone and upload to the  
slides here..